

Information Meeting on the

Carbon Offsetting and Reduction Scheme for International Aviation CORSIA

Implementation: Next steps

Alice Suri, Bern, May 15th 2018

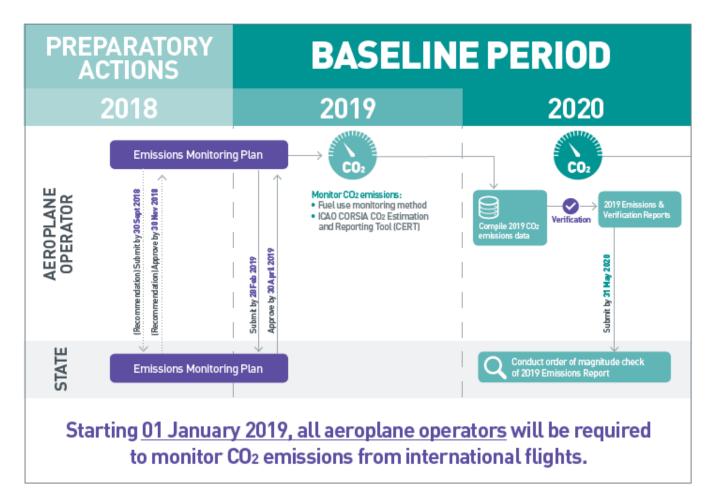


Content

- 1. Preparatory Actions 2018: Emissions Monitoring Plan (EMP)
- 2. Baseline Period 2019/2020: Monitoring
- 3. Baseline Period 2019/2020: Reporting/Verification
- 4. Next Steps

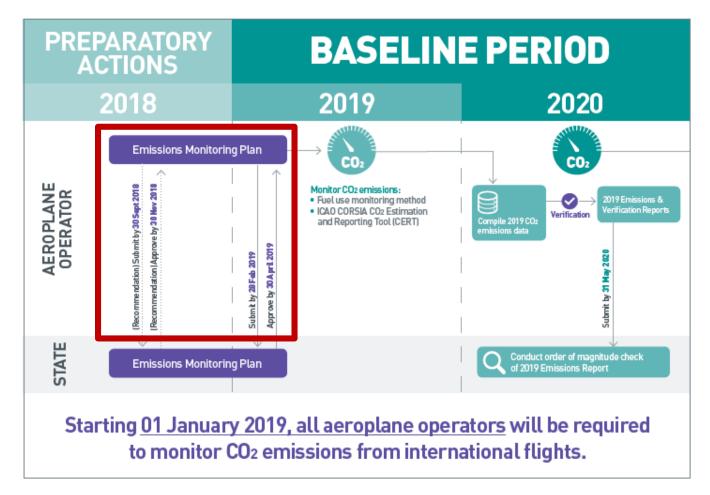


Preparatory Actions and Baseline Period 2018-2020





Preparatory Actions: Emissions Monitoring Plan





Emissions Monitoring Plan

- An Emissions Monitoring Plan (EMP) is a collaborative tool between the State and the aeroplane operator. The EMP:
 - Identifies the most appropriate means and methods for CO₂ emissions monitoring on an operator-specific basis; and
 - Facilitates the reporting of required information to the State.
- An aeroplane operator shall submit an EMP to the State to which it is attributed for approval.
- The State and aeroplane operator should maintain clear and open communication during the development and review of an EMP.



Developing an Emissions Monitoring Plan



PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION

An aeroplane operator submits an Emissions Monitoring Plan for consultation and review by the State to which it is attributed.

- Recommended timeframe: submit by 30 September 2018.
- Mandatory timeframe: submit by 28 February 2019.



Developing an Emissions Monitoring Plan



REVIEW AND APPROVAL

The State reviews and approves the Emissions Monitoring Plan.

- Recommended timeframe: approve by 30 November 2018.
- Mandatory timeframe: approve by 30 April 2019.

Note: If the aeroplane operator's Emissions Monitoring Plan is not fully aligned with the Emissions Monitoring Plan requirements in the CORSIA SARPs, the State shall collaborate with the aeroplane operator to resolve the outstanding issues.



Developing an Emissions Monitoring Plan



REVISIONS AND UPDATES

An aeroplane operator resubmits the Emissions Monitoring Plan for review and approval by the State if a material change is made to the information contained within the Emissions Monitoring Plan.

For example, a change to the information that would affect:

- The status or eligibility for an option under the emissions monitoring requirements;
- The approach to monitoring; or
- The State's oversight (e.g., change in corporate name / address).



Contents of an Emissions Monitoring Plan*

- 1. Aeroplane operator identification
- 2. Fleet and operations data
- 3. Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights
- 4. Data management, data flow and control

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*According to the draft CORSIA SARPs



Aeroplane operator identification

EMP Contents

- 1. Aeroplane operator identification
- Fleet and operations data
- Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights
- 4. Data management, data flow and contro



Aeroplane operator identification

EMP Contents

- 1. Aeroplane operator identification
- Fleet and operations data
- 3. Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights
- 4. Data management, data flow and control
- Name of the operator
- Information for attributing the operator to a State:
 - ICAO Designator;
 - Air operator certificate; or
 - Place of juridical registration
- Operator's ownership structure, including parent-subsidiary relationships
- Contact information, including operator's CORSIA Focal Point
- Description of the operator's activities



AIR OPERATOR CERTIFICATE





Fleet and operations data

EMP Contents

- Aeroplane operator identification
- 2. Fleet and operations data
- Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights
- 4. Data management, data flow and contro



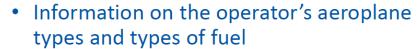
Fleet and operations data

EMP Contents

Aeroplane operator identification

2. Fleet and operations data

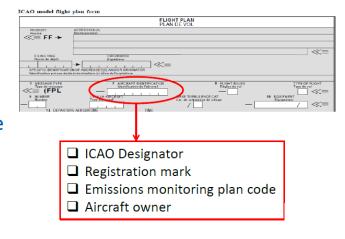
- Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights
- 4. Data management, data flow and control



- Flight attribution to the operator
- Procedures to track changes in the fleet
- List of State pairs operated at the time of the EMP submission
- Procedures to identify international flights and exempted flights



Fleet declaration						
No	ICAO type designator	Fuel type	Number of aeroplanes			
1	A320	Jet-A	10			
2	B737	Jet-A	10			
3	E190	Jet-A	15			
4	BCS3	Jet-A	15			
5						
6						





Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights

EMP Contents

- Aeroplane operator identification
- Fleet and operations data
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Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights

EMP Contents

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CO₂ Emissions = Mass of fuel * Fuel Conversion Factor of given fuel type



- An aeroplane operator shall monitor and record its fuel use from international flights in accordance with <u>an eligible monitoring method</u>
- Monitoring method shall be approved by the State as a part of aeroplane operator's Emissions Monitoring Plan
- The aeroplane operator shall use the same eligible monitoring method for the entire compliance period

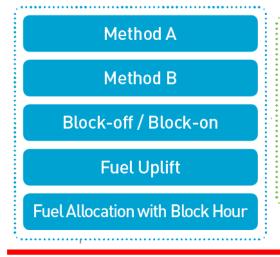


Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights

For the 2019-2020 period there are two possibilities to calculate emissions:

- A) Fuel use monitoring methods (for operators ≥ 500 000 tCO₂)
- B) CO₂ Estimation and Reporting Tool CERT (for operators ≤ 50 000 tCO₂ but > 10 000 tCO₂)

FUEL USE MONITORING METHODS







Data management, data flow and control

EMP Contents

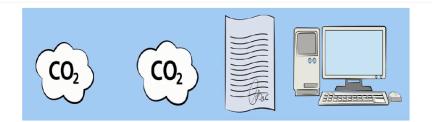
- Aeroplane operator identification
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- Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights
- 4. Data management, data flow and control



Data management, data flow and control

EMP Contents

- Aeroplane operator identification
- Fleet and operations data
- 3. Methods and means of calculating emissions from international flights
- 4. Data management, data flow and control



- Aeroplane operator's internal roles, responsibilities and procedures on data management, and related risks
- Procedures to handle possible data gaps and errors
- Documentation and record keeping plan
- Procedures for communicating the changes in the EMP to the State



Emissions Monitoring Plan Template

CORSIA

EMISSIONS MONITORING PLAN (EMP)

CONTENTS

- 1 EMP-Versions
- 2 Identification
- 3 Fleet and Operations Data
- 4 Fuel Use Monitoring Methods
- 4.1 Method A
- 4.2 Method B
- 4.3 Block-On/Block-Off
- 4.4 Fuel Uplift
- 4.5 Fuel Allocation with Block Hour
- 4.6 CORSIA CO2 Estimation and Reporting Tool (CERT)
 - 5 Data Management

Template Information

Template provided by:
Version (publication date):

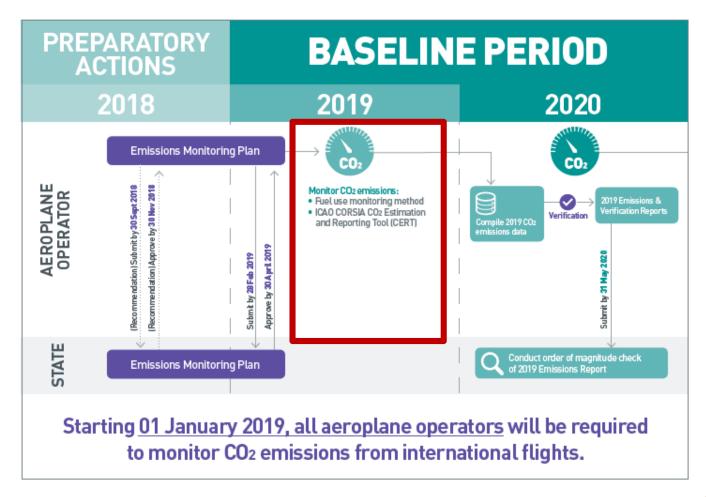


Approval of an Emissions Monitoring Plan

- EMP shall be approved by the State (FOCA)
- If the aeroplane operator's EMP is determined to be incomplete and/or inconsistent the State shall engage with the aeroplane operator to resolve outstanding issues. This may involve returning the EMP to the aeroplane operator along with an explanation as to why the plan was found deficient, or a request for further information.



Baseline Period: Monitoring





To simplify the estimation and reporting of CO₂ emissions from international flights for operators with low level of activity in fulfilling their monitoring and reporting requirements, ICAO has developed the CORSIA CO₂ Estimation and Reporting Tool (CERT).

CERT	Aeroplane Operators International CO2 Emissions (tonnes) 2019 – 2020*			
Function / Use	≤ 10K CO 2	OK CO ₂ < 500K CO ₂ ≥		
Preliminary CO2 Assessment	*	*		
CO2 Estimation & Reporting	No CORSIA requirement	*	Not Eligible to use CERT **	
Filling Data Gaps	No CORSIA requirement	*	*	

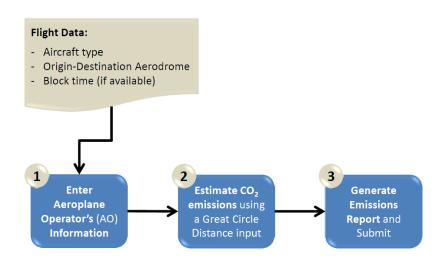
^{*}Note: from 2021-2035 operators can use CERT to estimate and report emissions if their annual emissions from international flights subject to offsetting requirements are < 50 000 tonnes of CO2 annually.

^{**}Note: If an aeroplane operator uses CERT for 2019 CO2 estimation and reporting (based on their preliminary CO2 assessment) but exceeds the threshold of 500 000 tonnes in 2019, the State could permit the operator to continue to use CERT during 2020.



The CERT comprises a three-step process

- (1) Entering Aeroplane Operator's Basic Information
- (2) Entering Flight Data to estimate CO₂ Emissions by entering:
 - a) Aeroplane Type by ICAO Type Designator
 - b) Origin-Destination Aerodrome
 - c) Number of flights (if batches of flights are entered)
- (3) Generating the Summary Assessment report in support for EMP submission



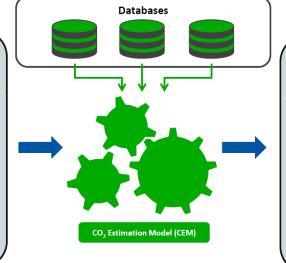




CERT

OUTPUT

Origin	Destination	Aeroplane type	
EGKK	EVRA	BCS3	
MMMX	MUHA	SU95	
ZBAA	ZMUB	C919	
KJFK	CYUL	E190	
HKJK	LFPG	B789	
SBGR	OMDB	A359	
NFFN	NVVV	AT72	



Origin	Destination	CO ₂ emissions*	
EGKK MMMX ZBAA KJFK HKJK SBGR NFFN	EVRA MUHA ZMUB CYUL LFPG OMDB NVVV	1 000 2 000 3 000 4 000 5 000 6 000 7 000	

^{*} For illustration only



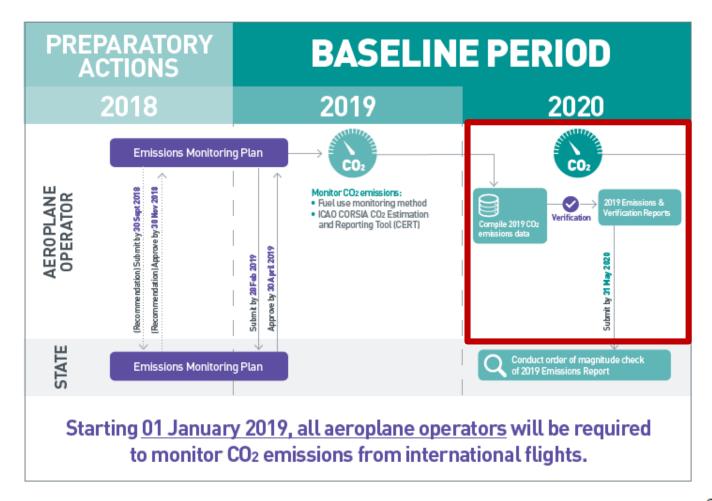
The CERT will have up to 4 functionalities:

CO ₂ Estima		CERT imation & Reporti	CERT nation & Reporting Tool	
Year of Validity	2018 (Version 2018)	2019-2020 (Version 2019-2020)	2021-2035 (Version 2021-2035)	
Estimation of CO ₂ for Determination of Simplified Compliance Procedures Eligibility	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Report Generation Functionality	Partial*	Yes	Yes	
Monitoring (Estimating CO ₂)	No	Yes	Yes	
List of States pairs subject to offsetting requirement	No	No	Yes	

^{*} The 2018 Version of the CERT includes the functionality to generate a summary report of the assessment of the estimation of the Aeroplane Operators CO₂ emissions. The report can be used as supporting evidence to the operator's Emissions Monitoring Plan.



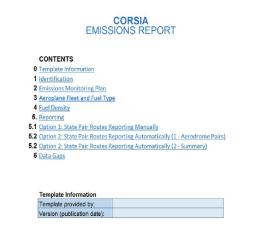
Baseline Period: Reporting/Verification



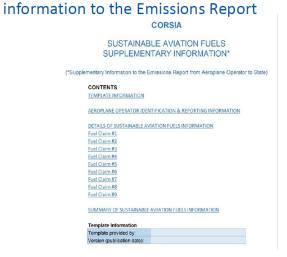


Emissions Monitoring Report

- Standardized reporting templates will be made available to facilitate uniform reporting from aeroplane operators to States
 - Template of Emissions Report

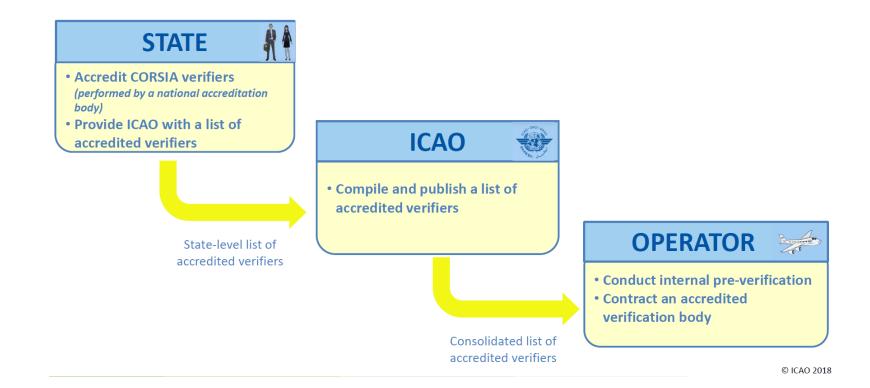


Template of sustainable aviation fuels supplementary





Verification of an Emissions Monitoring Report





Next steps

- EMP template for Swiss aeroplane operators and the tool CERT will be available via the FOCA website as soon as the SARP's package is publicly available (expected in **July** 2018)
- Submission of an EMP by 30 September 2018 to FOCA as a signed hardcopy to BAZL, LEUW, 3003 Bern and by email to corsia@bazl.admin.ch
- Approval of the EMP by 30 November 2018 by FOCA
- Monitor 2019 CO₂ emissions from international flights from
 1 January to 31 December 2019
- Compile 2019 CO₂ emissions data and submit the verified Emissions monitoring report until 31 May 2020



Questions?

